



B.K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL

PERIODIC TEST-1, 2026-27 POLITICAL SCIENCE 028

Class: XII
Date: 10.06.2026
Admission no:

SET-1

Time: 1hr
Max Marks: 25
Roll no:

General Instructions:

- I. Question paper comprises four Sections – A, B, C and D. There are 12 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- II. Section A – Question 1 to 5 are MCQs of **1 mark** each.
- III. Section B – Question no. 6 to 9 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying **2 marks** each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40-60 words.
- IV. Section C - Question no. 10 and 11 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying **3 marks** each. Answer to each question should not exceed 80-100 words.
- V. Section D – Question no.12 is Long Type Question, carrying **6 marks**. Answer to this question should not exceed 120-150 words.
- VI. There is no overall choice in the question paper.

SECTION-A

Q1. Which among the following statements about South Asia is wrong?

- (a) All the countries in South Asia are democratic
- (b) Bangladesh and India have signed an agreement on river-water sharing
- (c) SAFTA was signed at the 12th SAARC Summit in South Asian politics
- (d) The US and China play an influential role in South Asian politics

Q2. Assertion: True — In April 2006, there were massive, nationwide pro-democracy protests in Nepal.

Reason: True — The movement was largely non-violent and was led by the Seven Party Alliance (SPA), along with Maoists and civil society groups.

Options:

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

Q3. When was the United Nations established?

- (a) 24 October 1945
- (b) 10 December 1945
- (c) 1 January 1946
- (d) 24 October 1944

Q4. Which of the following is NOT a main objective of the United Nations?

- (a) Maintaining international peace
- (b) Promoting human rights
- (c) Fostering economic disparity
- (d) Protecting the environment

Q5. Assertion: After the Cold War, the UN felt the need for reforms to become more democratic and inclusive.

Reason: The shift in the balance of power in global politics led to demands for reforms in the Security Council.

Options:

(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

(d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

SECTION-B

Q6. List three challenges to democracy in Nepal.

Q7. Mention any two objectives of SAARC.

Q8. State any two functions of the UN.

Q9. What are the functions of Security Council?

SECTION-C

Q10. Describe any three consequences of Bangladesh war of 1971.

Q11. As a citizen of India, how would you support India's candidature for the permanent membership of Security Council? Justify your proposal.

SECTION-D

Q12. Explain India's changing relationship with Pakistan.

ALL THE BEST